Polychaete Biodiversity over Time:

A Compilation of Species Reported From Bodega Harbor

and Adjacent Areas

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A Report Prepared for the Bodega Marine Reserve

INTRODUCTION

The Bodega Reserve is a unique study area with large tidal exchanges, which means that the intertidal zone is never exposed to high levels of fresh water. Additionally, the orientation of the headland protects Bodega Harbor from prevailing northwest winds and allows large levels of sediment to accrue. These factors create an environment where a wide range of organisms are able to thrive. Due to the particularly high biodiversity found in Bodega Reserve there have been many studies completed and several leading polychaete researchers (e.g. Olga Hartman, Marian Pettibone) conducted work in Bodega Harbor. By comparing specific polychaete reports and polychaete lists from faunal surveys ranging from 1932- present, we gain knowledge of biodiversity and how it has changed over time.

Since the reports were done over seven decades, comparisons can be made between early and later species lists, raising the issues of when and why species have arrived or disappeared. Introduced species, pollution, or global warming may lead to species migration or extinction, which would appear as a change of species numbers. These changes can lead to a better understanding of changes in biodiversity. Species that remained constant over time can also be monitored for future studies. This report thus lays the groundwork for future studies of global climate change.

This report includes a list of all known polychaete species in the Bodega Reserve, although the problem of synonymies, misidentifications and or partial identifications, and reports from surrounding areas can create fluctuations. Measures have been taken to eliminate some of these possible problems, which will be shown in a series of spreadsheets and graphs. This data can be used to assist with future identification, and can become the foundation for future research.

METHODS

In order to find all polychaete species that had been recorded in the Bodega Bay area, the online catalog of student reports from the Cadet Hand library at the Bodega Marine Lab was searched for content. The reports chosen were typically either single/multi species polychaete reports or multi-phylum surveys that included polychaetes. A list of these reports can be found in Appendix 1. Reports were entered by author as column headings, and species were tabulated by report in each column. These reports were entered into one of two spreadsheets. The first includes the authors that identified 6 or more species. Report authors were assigned to columns that were arranged by the date of their study, which introduces a temporal component. The species count in each column was checked against a count made from each report. The second spreadsheet includes the authors that identified 5 or less species.

All species that were entered into Spreadsheets 2-5 were either verified as valid species per Integrated Taxonomic Information System (ITIS), Light's Manual (2007), or Hartman (1969). Due to the span of time over which the reports were done, many of the reported species have changed names since being reported. If the name given in the report was found to be an old synonym, the currently valid name in ITIS, Light's (2007) or Hartman (1969) was recorded in the checklist with a note to see Appendix 1. Under the author's name in Appendix 1, changes were given with the sources used. Most synonymies were from either Light's (2007), Hartman (1969), or ITIS. Other sources

used were: Berkeley and Berkeley (1935), Kozloff (1996), SCAMIT (2001), University Biological Indexer Organizer (uBIO), and Animal Diversity Web (http://animaldiversity.ummz.umich.edu/site/index.html).

Although the process of finding synonymies can be tedious, it ensures a more accurate species list that does not account for the same species more than once. The importance of finding the valid synonymies becomes apparent with the final species count. Without correct nomenclature changes, the final count is exaggerated and inaccurate. Other factors that contribute to an exaggerated list are polychaetes that have only been identified to family or genus, and identifications that either could not be verified as a species (ITIS) or for which there were no other records from temperate latitudes in the eastern north Pacific.

Spreadsheet 1 includes all the species names that were listed in a student report or recent names for the same species. A species list for use in Spreadsheets 2-5 was edited from Spreadsheet 1 for one of the following reasons:

- Species were not recognized as valid per ITIS and could not be validated by Light's (1975) or Hartman (1968, 1969)
- Species could not be found by another reference source
- Identification was only made to genus level

The species that were removed from Spreadsheets 2-5 are highlighted red in Spreadsheet 1. If these had not been omitted from the lists, it would appear that 357 different species were found, although many of those in red are synonymous with other species on the list. Polychaetes that were not identified to species were left out of Spreadsheets 2-5. Any polychaetes' names that could not be found in a reliable source were placed at the end of the reference notes for one author in Appendix 1. Species that had valid names but were not found in any published work on polychaetes in the eastern North Pacific at mid latitudes (Tropic of Cancer to Seattle) were rejected and therefore only appear in Spreadsheet 1.

Spreadsheet 1 was then compared to the species list in a preprint of the fourth edition of Lights Manual (Lights 2007) kindly supplied by Dr. Jim Carleton. Table 1, prepared by a visiting scientist at the Bodega lab (D. Schneider), includes name change in Lights 2007 and shows the logic to prepare Spreadsheet 1.

RESULTS

All the student reports that were found on polychaetes in the Cadet Hand online catalog (with the exception of about a dozen reports missing from the shelves) were included in a series of figures. Spreadsheet 1 lists all 359 names, of which only 235 were considered valid.

Spreadsheets 2 and 3 are a "smaller scale diversity" list (smaller scale diversity meaning found within a confined area). Spreadsheets 2 and 3 contain valid species that were found specifically within the Bodega Reserve. The smaller scale diversity was 235 species. There are two parts to the smaller scale diversity list. The first part contains reports that studied 6 or more species of polychaetes (Spreadsheet 2), and the second part contains reports that studied 5 or less species of polychaetes (Spreadsheet 3). Spreadsheets 4 and 5 are "larger scale diversity" lists (larger scale diversity meaning a larger area containing several habitats) divided the same way as Spreadsheets 2 and 3. Spreadsheets 4 and 5

contain valid species found throughout central California. Even though the larger scale diversity list includes a larger area than the smaller scale diversity list, it also had 235 species.

The smaller scale diversity lists (Spreadsheets 2 and 3) are valuable to the Bodega Marine Lab, in giving species identity and total species number that have been found (over time) in and near the Bodega Reserve. At present there are 235 species and 36 different families. In comparison, Light's manual (1975) has 275 species and 44 families for all of central California, while Light's (2007) lists over 410 species in 52 families. Graphs (Figures 2 and 3) were made from both cumulative totals and species per report.

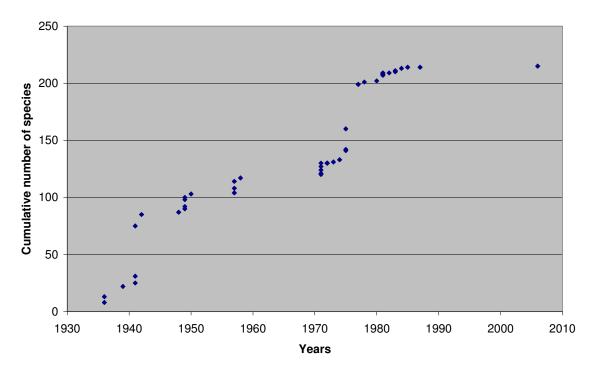


Figure 2.

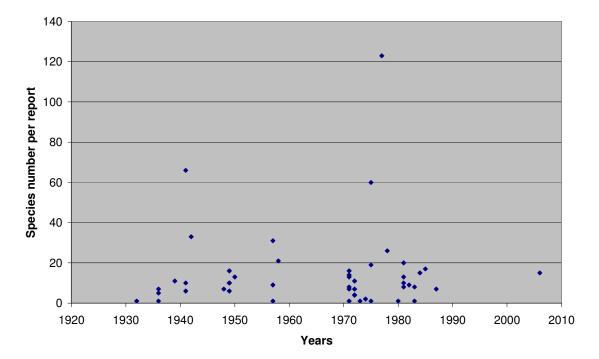
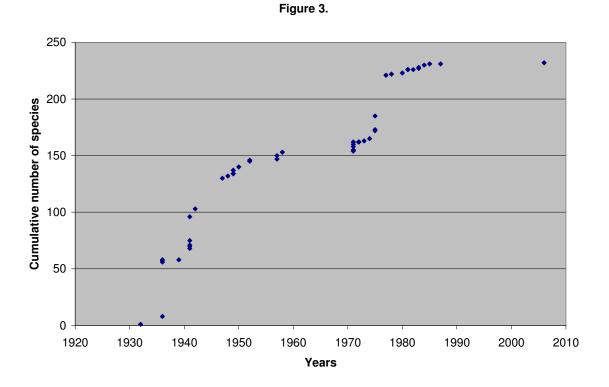


Figure 1.

The cumulative graph (Figure 1) is unusual compared to normal collector's curves. The collector's curve usually involves a sharp increase in the beginning because each species found is counted as a new one. The graph then begins to level out because the most common species have been found and the curve only increases with the occasional addition of a less common species. Figure 1 has some unexpected jumps. In Figure 2, associations can be made between those jumps and two reports. There was a jump in 1941 due to Pettibone's report, which had 66 species. There was another major jump in 1977 due to the Pacific Marine Station Staff report, which had 123 species.

The larger scale diversity list (Spreadsheets 4 and 5) is a complete list of all polychaete-related reports at the Bodega Marine Lab library, including those found outside of Bodega Bay. The accompanying graph (Figure 3) is similar to Figure 1, with jumps in the same places due to the Pettibone and the Pacific Marine Station Staff reports. However, there were jumps associated with Hartman's report from Dillon Beach and Tomales Bay (1936), which found 53 species and Parker's report from Monterey Peninsula (1947), which found 77 species. These two reports account for a much steeper initial curve on Figure 4 as compared with Figure 2. The same number of species and families were found in the larger scale diversity and smaller scale diversity lists although the collector's curves vary substantially.



DISCUSSION

A complete species list of the polychaetes at Bodega Harbor provides a look at the historical findings and also allows for future and continued studies that will lead to a greater understanding of what is happening to polychaete biodiversity (introduction of invasive species, migration, extinction, die-off, etc.). It also provides an valuable resource to visiting students and researchers.

The temporal data used in this report is unique in its length. More than 70 years of research are combined into a comprehensive view of what has been studied and collected. Such a time scale provides the opportunity to take a look at what the common species are, and how they have changed. This could be done by looking for species that appear early in the list but not later. The disappearance of a species suggests that it is no longer

present. On the other hand, an appearance of a species could either indicate that a new species had arrived, or that it had merely been missed in previous studies.

Finding synonymies to the reported species was challenging at best. A complete synonymy reference resource does not exist, so many different sources had to be used. Sometimes the source itself was not credible, and it was a matter of judgment what to do with the species name. At times it was difficult to tell which the currently accepted synonymy was, and a number of species had their names changed to nomenclature that was previously unaccepted. Additionally, some new species were created, only to be rejected later. Some researchers had grouped differing species together, while others had split one species into many based on traits that they found significant. For example, one student seems to have split a genus into a number of species for which there was no name, nor any evidence. In many cases students would only identify to genus.

The spatial dynamics of this project were interesting as well. Due to the presence of the Bodega Marine Lab, a lot of the studies used in this report were done within the Bodega Reserve. These studies represent the smaller scale diversity data surrounding the lab. Other studies were conducted from nearby areas like Dillon Beach, Campbell's Cove, or from farther away, such as Monterey Harbor. These study sites share the same geographical region with Bodega Harbor, but may vary in species distribution. They represent the larger scale data taken from the student reports. It was somewhat surprising to find that the smaller scale diversity and larger scale diversity lists had the same number of species. It was also surprising to find that the species list was close to Light's (1975) for all of central California. However, the more recent version of Light's (2007) has expanded to more than 400 species.

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uBio. 2006. Retrieved November, 2006 from Universal Biological Index and Organizer. MBL WHOI Library. Online: http://names.mbl.edu/clients/tools/compare2.php Takes names or a name-annotated URL and matches against Species 2000, ITIS, ERMS or other taxonomies indexed by uBio. The application provides a report on the validity (in the zoological sense), homonymy, lexical form, etc. of the names in the list.

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Spreadsheet 1.	 A list of all species names encountered in the reports. Names in red are invalid species names, synonyms, have only been identified to genus level, or for which there was no record. 			
Family	Genus	Species	Auth	
Polynoidae	Arctonoe	fragilis	(Baird, 1863)	
Polynoidae	Arctonoe	pulchra	(Johnson, 1897)	
Polynoidae	Acholoe	vittata	n/a	
Polynoidae	Arctonoe	vittata	(Grube, 1855)	
Polynoidae	Eunoe	barbata	Moore, 1910	
Polynoidae	Halosydna	johnsoni	(Darboux, 1899)	
Polynoidae	Halosydna	brevisetosa	Kinberg, 1855	
Polynoidae	Harmothoe	hirsuta	Johnson,1897	
Polynoidae	Harmothoe	imbricata	(Linnaeus,1767)	
Polynoidae	Harmothoe	lunulata	(delle Chiaje, 1841)	
Polynoidae	Harmothoe	sp.	n/a	
Polynoidae	Hesperonoe	adventor	(Skogsberg, 1928)	
Polynoidae	Hesperonoe	complanata	(Johnson, 1901)	
Polynoidae	Lepidonotus	caelorus	Moore, 1903	
Polynoidae	Lepidonotus	squamatus	(Linnaeus, 1767)	
Peisidicidae	Peisidice	aspera	Johnson, 1897	
Peisidicidae	Pholoides	aspera	(Johnson, 1897)	
Serpulidae	Spirorbis	sp.	n/a	
Sigalionidae	Pholoe	minuta	(Fabricius, 1780)	
Sigalionidae	Sthenelais	fusca	Johnson, 1897	
Chrysopetalidae	Chrysopetalum	sp.	n/a	
Chrysopetalidae	Chrysopetalum	occidentale	Johnson, 1897	
Chrysopetalidae	Paleanotus	chrysolepis	Schmarda, 1861	
Chrysopetalidae	Paleanotus	bellis	(Johnson, 1897)	
Amphinomidea	Pareurythoe	californica	(Johnson, 1897)	
Phyllodocidae	Phyllodoce	madeirensis	Langerhans, 1880	
Phyllodocidae	Anaitides	madeirensis	Langerhans, 1880	
Phyllodocidae	Anaitides	mediapapillata	Moore, 1909	
Phyllodocidae	Anaitides	williamsi	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae	Clavadoce	splendida	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae	Eteone	longa	(Fabricius, 1780)	
Phyllodocidae	Eteone	californica	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae	Eteone	dilatae	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae	Eteone	lighti	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae	Eteone	sp.	n/a	
Phyllodocidae	Eteone	pacifica	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae	Eulalia	parasteggoa	n/a	
Phyllodocidae	Eulalia	sp.	n/a	
Phyllodocidae	Eulalia	aviculiseta	Hartman, 1936	
Phyllodocidae Dhyllodocidae	Eulalia	bilineata	(Johnston, 1840)	
Phyllodocidae Dhyllodocidae	Eulalia	viridis	(Linnaeus, 1767)	
Phyllodocidae	Eumida	bifoliata	(Moore, 1909)	
Phyllodocidae Dhyllodocidae	Eumida	sp.	n/a	
Phyllodocidae	Eumida	sanguinea	(Oersted, 1843)	

Phyllodocidae Phyllodocidae Phyllodocidae Hesionidae Hesionidae Hesionidae Pilargiidae Pilargiidae Pilargiidae Syllidae Nereidae Nereidae

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(Marenzeller, 1879) n/a Moore, 1909 (Hartmann-Schroeder, 1959) Johnson, 1901 (Johnson, 1901) Monro, 1933 Hartman, 1947 (Hartman, 1945) Treadwell, 1914 n/a (Claparede, 1868) n/a Berkeley & Berkeley, 1938 (Grube, 1855) Chamberlin? n/a Moore, 1909 Moore, 1908 Hartman, 1966 (Johnson, 1901) Johnson, 1901 n/a Johnson, 1902 (Grube, 1860) Treadwell, 1945 n/a n/a (Treadwell, 1914) Moore, 1908 (Moore, 1908) (Muller, 1771) Malmgren, 1867 (Malmgren, 1867) (Berkeley & Berkeley, 1938) n/a Hartman, 1936 Fauchald & Belman, 1972 Fauchald & Belman, 1972 (Malmgren, 1866) Hartman, 1938 (Johnson, 1901) (Frey & Leuckart, 1849) (Grube, 1857) Sars, 1835 (Sars, 1835) Hartman, 1936 (Kinberg, 1866) Chamberlin, 1919 Hartman (?)

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Chamberlin, 1918 Hartman, 1936 Linnaeus, 1758 Hartman, 1936 Ehlers, 1868 Grube, 1851 n/a Malmgren, 1867 (Chamberlin, 1918) Hartman, 1936 Okuda & Yamada, 1954 Chamberlin (1919B) (Baird, 1863) Treadwell, 1906 Oersted, 1843 Hartman, 1940 Moore, 1911 Berkeley, 1927 Johnson 1901 Leidy, 1855 Oersted, 1843 Keferstein, 1862 Ehlers, 1868 Hartman, 1944 Grube, 1863 Hartman, 1950 Johnson, 1901 n/a Hartman, 1938 n/a n/a (Grube, 1857) (Fabricius, 1780) n/a Hartman, 1938 Hartman, 1938 (Muller, 1789) Moore, 1911 n/a Audouin & Milne Edwards, 1833 (Johnson, 1901) (Moore, 1903) (Johnson, 1901) (Savigny, 1820) Moore, 1904 n/a Webster, 1884 McIntosh, 1885 (Chamberlin, 1919) Moore, 1909

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williamsi aulogaster acuminata sp. assimilis limacina pulchella gigas capitata caducus filobranchus sp. californiensis sp. giganteus giganteus magnus iricolor latericeus angulatus tenuis cristata claparedii pacifica collaris disparidentata elongata rubrocincta rubrocincta californica affinis pacifica sp. armatus californica cementarium brevicoma brevicoma californiensis labrops hiltoni sp. occidentalis crescentis heterobranchia sp. medusa californica californica robusta robusta

(Hartman, 1938) Rathke, 1843 Oersted, 1843 n/a Tebble, 1953 (Rathke, 1843) Tebble, 1953 Hartman, 1938 (Fabricius, 1780) (Grube, 1846) Berkeley & Berkeley, 1932 n/a Hartman, 1944 n/a Moore, 1909 (Moore, 1906) Hartman, 1947 n/a Sars, 1851 Chamberlin, 1919 Moore, 1909 Stimpson, 1856 (Okuda, 1933) Healy & Wells, 1959 Hartman, 1955 (Moore, 1904) (Verrill, 1873) Johnson 1901 (Johnson, 1901) Blake & Kudenov, 1974 Berkeley, 1929 n/a Kinberg, 1867 (Fewkes, 1889) Moore, 1906 n/a (Johnson, 1901) Hartman, 1941 Hartman, 1961 Chamberlin, 1919 n/a (Hartman, 1944) Chamberlin, 1919 (Johnson, 1901) n/a (Savigny, 1818) Moore, 1904 Moore, 1904 Johnson 1901 (Johnson, 1901)

Terebellidae Sabellidae Serpulidae Saccocirridae Serpulidae Serpulidae Serpulidae

Pista Pista Pista Pista Polycirrus Polycirrus Ramex Streblosoma Thelepus Thelepus Thelepus Thelepus Chone Chone Chone Chone Chone Metachone Chone Eudistylia Eudistylia Eudistylia Fabricia Myxicola Myxicola Pseudopotamilla Fabricia **Pseudopotamilla Pseudopotamilla** Pseudopotamilla Pseudopotamilla Sabella Sabella Sabella Schizobranchia Schizobranchia Spirorbis Spirorbis Dexiospira **Eupomatus** Hydroides **Eupomatus** Hydroides Leodora Paradexiospira Paradexiospira Saccocirrus Eulaeospira Spirorbella

Paralaeospira

brevibranchiata sp. elongata pacifica sp. californicus californiensis crassibranchia plagiostoma crispus sp. setosus sp. ecaudata infundibuliformis gracilis minuta mollis mollis sp. polymorpha vancouveri berkeleyi sp. infundibulum intermedia SD. brevibranchiata sp. occelata socialis sp. crassicornis media sp. insignis spirillum spirillum spirillum gracilis gracilis sp. uncinatus abnormis sp. vitrea sp. sp. sp. sp

Moore, 1923 n/a Moore, 1909 Berkeley & Berkeley, 1942 n/a Moore, 1909 Hartman, 1944 Treadwell, 1914 (Schmarda, 1861) Johnson, 1901 n/a (Quatrefages, 1865) n/a (Moore, 1923) Kroyer, 1856 Moore, 1906 Hartman, 1944 n/a (Bush, 1904) n/a (Johnson, 1901) (Kinberg, 1867) (Banse, 1956) n/a (Renier, 1804) Moore, 1905 n/a n/a n/a Moore, 1905 Hartman, 1944 n/a Sars, 1851 (Bush, 1904) n/a Bush, 1904 (Linnaeus, 1758) (Linnaeus, 1758) (Linnaeus, 1758) n/a (Bush, 1905) n/a Fauvel, 1927 *see ref. list n/a (Fabricius, 1780) n/a n/a n/a n/a

Serpulidae	Protolaeospira	sp.	n/a
Serpulidae	Protolaeospira	eximia	(Bush, 1905)
Serpulidae	Leodora	sp.	n/a
Serpulidae	Vermilopsis	sp.	n/a
Serpulidae	Salmacina	sp.	n/a
Serpulidae	Filograna	sp.	n/a
Serpulidae	Salmacina	tribranchiata	(Moore, 1923)
Serpulidae	Serpula	columbiana	Johnson, 1901
Serpulidae	Serpula	vermicularis	Linnaeus, 1767
Serpulidae	Spirobranchus	sp.	n/a
Serpulidae	Spirobranchus	spinosus	Moore, 1923
Serpulidae	Laeospira	borealis	Daudin, 1800
Serpulidae	Spirorbis	borealis	Daudin, 1800
n/a	Fabricia	dubia	n/a